

TITAN TTCN-3 TEST EXECUTOR

INTRODUCTION

TEST COMPETENCE CENTER
ERICSSON HUNGARY

<http://ttcn.ericsson.se/>



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All link starts a standalone presentation (“custom shows”) which returns to this page.

I. TITAN TTCN-3 TEST EXECUTOR: INTRODUCTION

WHAT IS TITAN?

HISTORY

BLOCK DIAGRAM

FEATURES

CONTENTS



WHAT IS TITAN?

TTCN-3 Test Executor

- Compile Abstract Test Suites written TTCN-3, ASN.1 to C++
- Generate code skeleton and provide API for developing protocol adaptation
- Control hardware test tools that have well-defined API
- Execute the compiled Executable Test Suites

Runs on multiple platforms

- Platform independent source written in C/C++
- TITAN can be built on any platform with a decent C++ compiler
(Currently available for: Solaris, Linux, FreeBSD, Windows+cygwin at
<http://ttcn.ericsson.se> ➔ TITAN DOWNLOADS)

Optimized for performance testing

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API: Application Programming Interface

HISTORY OF TITAN

2000: M.Sc. thesis work

- Goal: performance test tool
- version 1.0 single mode, Test Port API, no semantic analysis

2001-2002: Research prototype

- Application driven development
- version 1.1 parallel & distributed execution
- version 1.2 ASN.1 support, RAW & BER encoding

2003: Productification

- Candidate as official TTCN-3 tool within Ericsson
- version 1.4 full ASN.1 support
- version 1.5 TTCN-3 semantic analysis (static parts)

2004-2008: Official Ericsson TTCN-3 tool

- Version 1.5p16 Graphical User Interface
- Version 1.6p10 Full semantic analysis
- Version 1.7p10 TTCN-3 edition 3

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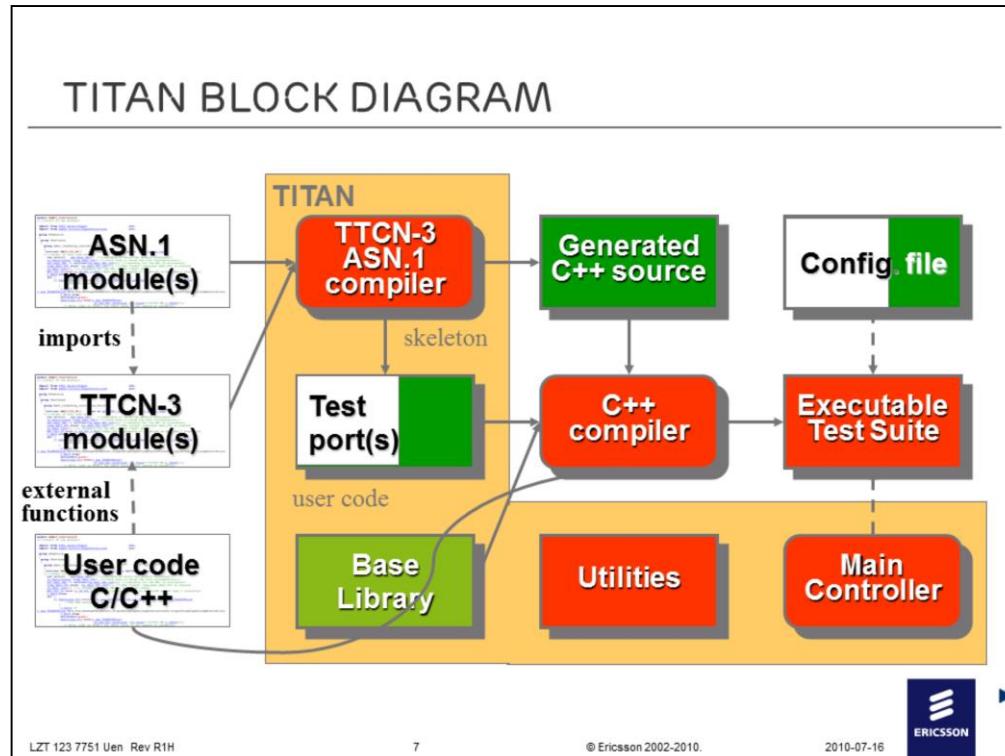
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BER: Basic Encoding Rule

ASN.1: Abstract Syntax Notation One



TITAN COMPILER FEATURES I.

Supports modularity

Supports TTCN-3 types:

- All data types
- All test configuration & default types (port, component, address & default)
- Sub-typing (type constraints)
- Semantic check for all supported TTCN-3 types
- RAW, TEXT encoding (TITAN specific, because no standard exists)

ASN.1 support:

- X.680, X.681, X.682, X.683 version 2002
- Full semantic check of ASN.1 types and values
- XML related ASN.1 language elements are not supported
- ASN.1 encodings: BER (direct), PER & (E)XER (using 3rd party SW)



TITAN COMPILER FEATURES II.

Supports TTCN-3 data

- Constants and run-time parameterization (module parameters)
- Templates (simple~, compound~, parameterized~, modified ~, in-line ~)
- Semantic check for all static data constructs

Support of message based communication

- sending & receiving messages with template matching etc.

Support of procedure based communication (API testing)

Dynamic behaviours

- Dynamic test configuration and port/connection handling
- Sequential and alternative behaviours
- Default behaviour handling
- All functional elements of dynamic behaviour supported: testcases, functions, structured alternative behaviour (altsteps)
- All operations and control constructs supported (interleave since 1.6.pl3/R6D)



TITAN COMPILER FEATURES III.

Timer handling

- start, stop, read, timeout

Test execution control from the TTCN-3 test suite

Language extensions

- Additional predefined functions
- Value returning done (to support SCS/TTCN-2 behaviour)
- Extended default parameterization (ports, timers etc.)
- RAW and TEXT encoding for TTCN-3 types
- Extensions are pushed in ETSI as CRs

Ports with Test Port API

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CR: Change Request

II. SETTING UP TITAN

FEATURES
PREREQUISITES
SETTING ENVIRONMENT
VARIABLES
LICENSING

CONTENTS



PREREQUISITES

The following tools need to be installed for using TITAN:

The same GCC C/C++ version shall be installed which the given TITAN distribution was built with (with using as and ld from GNU binutils)

- `setenv GCC_DIR` to your GCC installation
- add `$GCC_DIR/bin` to your PATH
- add `$GCC_DIR/lib` to your LD_LIBRARY_PATH

`makedepend` utility shall be available

`make` (or `gmake`) shall be available

- using GNU `make` (`gmake`) is recommended

NEdit (>5.4) or XEmacs with TTCN-3 and ASN.1 language mode is recommended



SETTING UP THE ERICSSON TTCN-3 ENVIRONMENT

The following environment variables need to be set for using TITAN:

`$TTCN3_DIR` shall point to the base directory of the installation

Add `$TTCN3_DIR/bin` to `PATH` and `$TTCN3_DIR/lib` to `LD_LIBRARY_PATH`

Set `$TTCN3_LICENSE_FILE` to the full path and name of your license file

The next environment variables are used only for using TITAN GUI:

Set `$TTCN3_BROWSER` to your browser to be used by TITAN GUI (default browser: `netscape`)

Set `$TTCN3_LOGROWSER_EDITOR` to your favorite editor (`nedit` or `xemacs` suggested)



CONTENTS OF THE ERICSSON TTCN-3 ENVIRONMENT

\$TTCN3_DIR/bin – TTCN-3/ASN.1 compiler binaries, log tools, etc.

\$TTCN3_DIR/etc

- **gui/** contains icon images for GUI;
- **nedit/** contains the NEdit support package (e.g. syntax highlighting);
- **xemacs/** contains the xemacs TTCN-3 and ASN.1 language mode support;
- **skeleton/** holds the TTCN-3 code skeletons;
- **license/** a demo license key

\$TTCN3_DIR/include – include files required for translated modules and Test Ports

\$TTCN3_DIR/lib – TTCN-3 and ASN.1 base libraries

\$TTCN3_DIR/man – manual pages for some binaries

\$TTCN3_DIR/doc – PDF and/or PS version of TITAN documentation

\$TTCN3_DIR/demo – simple “Hello World!” application demo



LICENSING

You need a license to use TITAN!

Order your license at:

<http://ttcn.ericsson.se> → License ordering

Copy your license file to your home:

`cp license_<number>.dat ${HOME}/`

Set your TTCN3_LICENSE_FILE environment variable:

`setenv TTCN3_LICENSE_FILE
${HOME}/license_<number>.dat`

Once your system-related environment variables are set, you can check the validity of the license:

- from the shell command line: `compiler -v`



III. GRAPHICAL USER INTERFACE

FUNCTIONALITY
SCREEN SHOTS
DETAILED DESCRIPTION

CONTENTS



ECLIPSE

“Eclipse is a multi-language software development environment comprising an IDE and a plug-in system to extend it. It is written primarily in Java and can be used to develop applications in Java and, by means of the various plug-ins, in other languages as well, including C, C++, COBOL, Python, Perl, PHP, and others. The IDE is often called Eclipse ADT for Ada, Eclipse CDT for C, Eclipse JDT for Java and Eclipse PDT for PHP. “ WIKIPEDIA

Available at

- <http://www.eclipse.org/downloads/>

The Ericsson customized version

Eclipse4Ericsson (E4E)



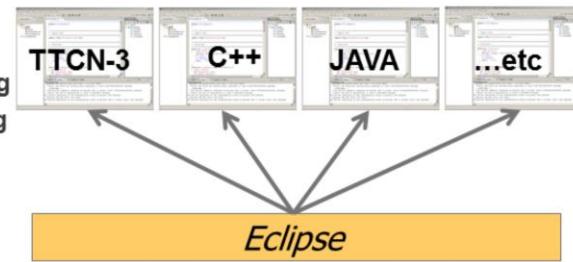
ECLIPSE AS A PLATFORM

Platform

- Provides a platform to support various programming languages
- Supports TTCN3/C++/JAVA/Tcl/Tk/XML/...etc

Common way of working

- Common shortcuts
- Common windows
- Common concept
- Common way of compiling
- Common way of executing



ECLIPSE TERMS: EDITOR

Editors

- appear in workbench editor area

Functionality

- Open, edit, save, close lifecycle
- Open editors are stacked

Extension point for contributing new types of editors

Example

- JDT provides Java source file editor
- TTCN-3 perspective provides TTCN-3 editor



ECLIPSE TERMS: VIEWS

Views provide information on some object

Views augment editors

- Example: Outline view summarizes content

Views augment other views

- Example: Properties view describes selection

Eclipse Platform includes many standard views

- Resource Navigator, Outline, Properties, Tasks, Search...etc

View API and framework

- Views can be implemented with JFace viewers



ECLIPSE TERMS: PERSPECTIVES

Perspectives are arrangements of views and editors

- Different perspectives suited for different user tasks
- Users can quickly switch between perspectives

Task orientation limits visible views, actions

- Scales to large numbers of installed tools

Perspectives control

- View visibility
- View and editor layout
- Action visibility

Extension point for new perspectives

Eclipse Platform includes standard perspectives

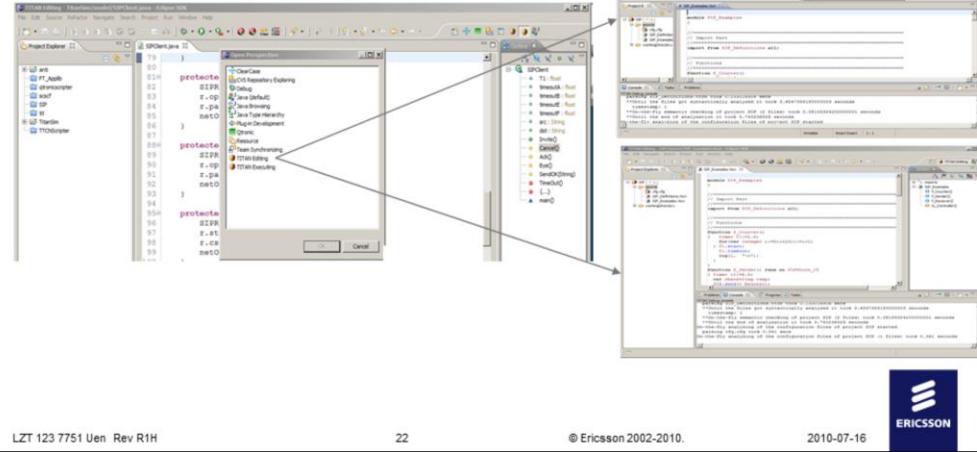
- Resource, Debug, ...



WAY OF WORKING WITH ECLIPSE

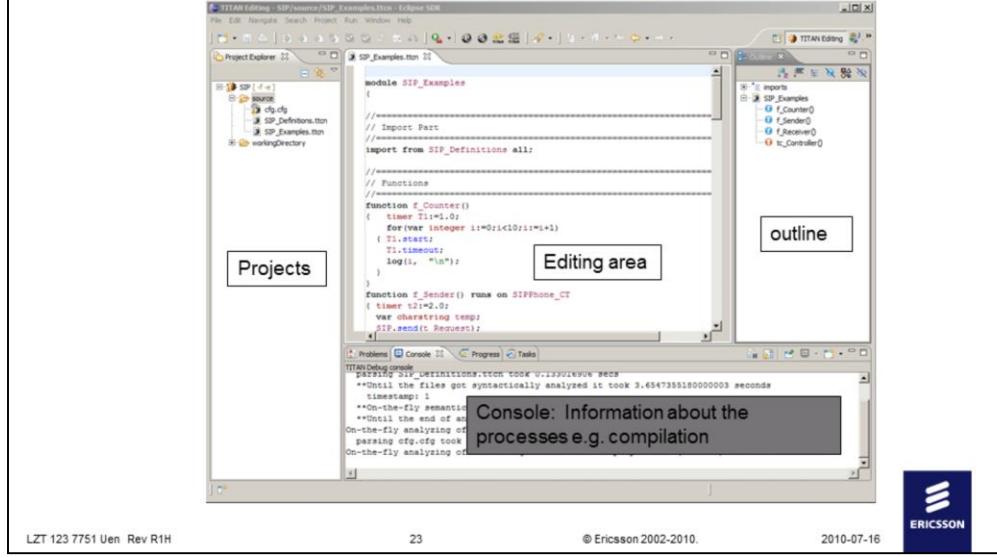
TCC provides 2 plugins → 2 perspectives for eclipse

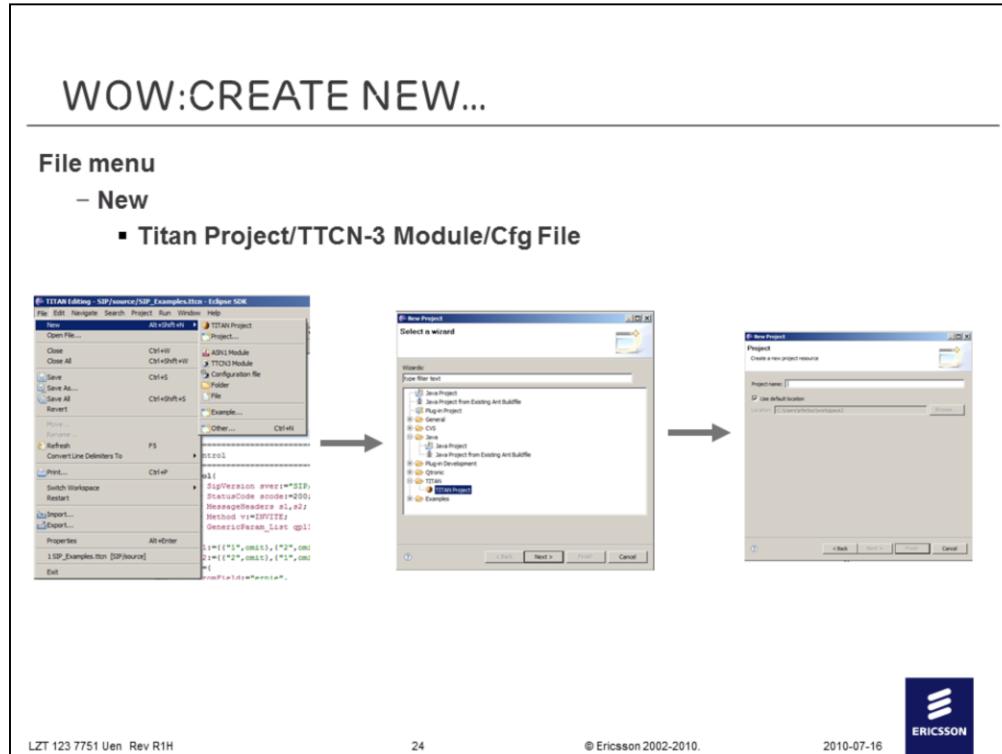
- Titan Editing
- Titan Executing



WAY OF WORKING WITH ECLIPSE

The TTCN Editing perspective

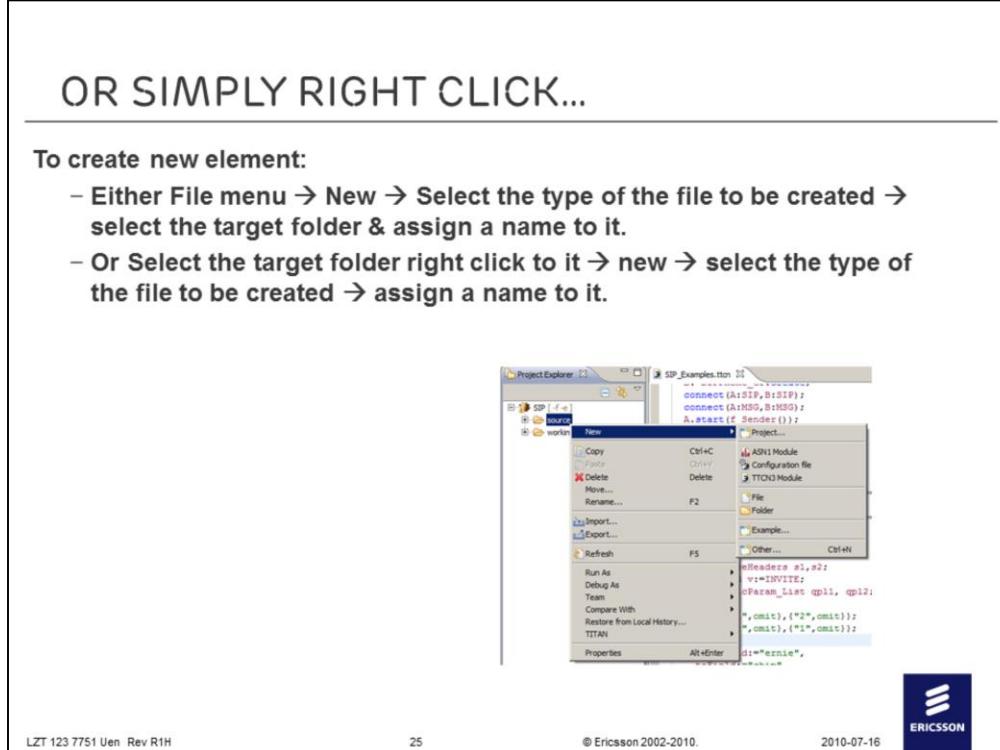


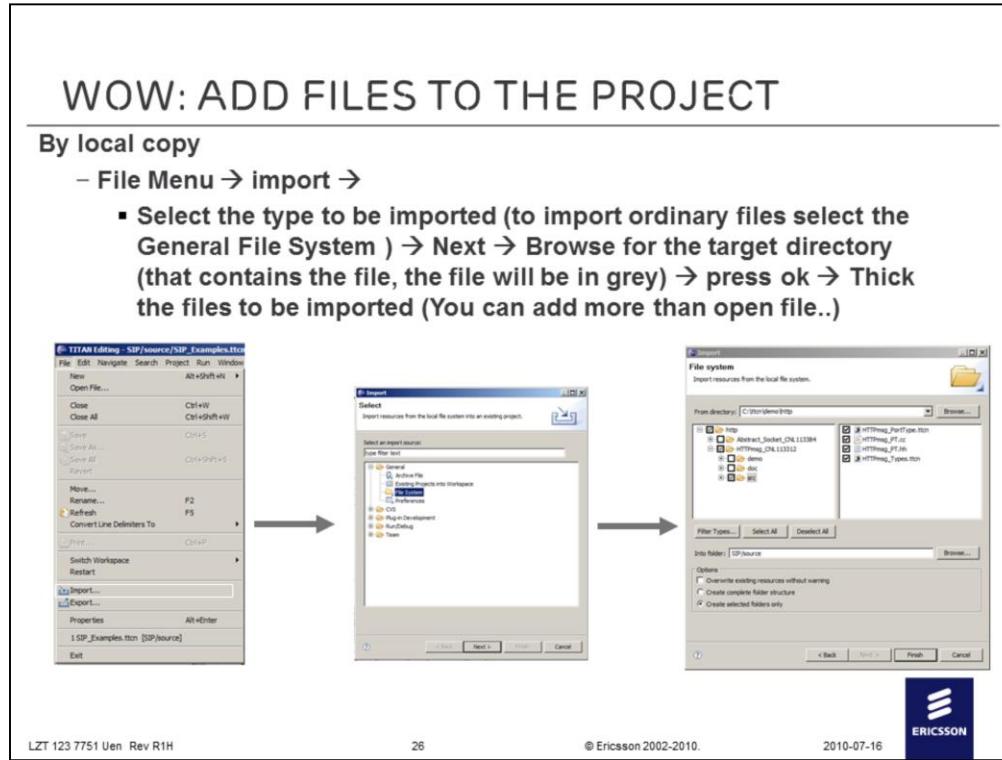


OR SIMPLY RIGHT CLICK...

To create new element:

- Either File menu → New → Select the type of the file to be created → select the target folder & assign a name to it.
- Or Select the target folder right click to it → new → select the type of the file to be created → assign a name to it.

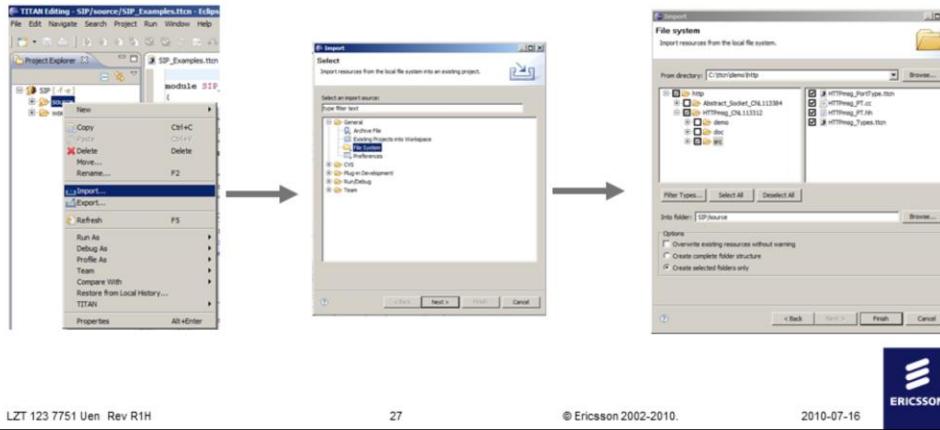




WOW: ADD FILES TO THE PROJECT

Or...

- Right click to the folder you would like to import
 - import → Select the type to be imported (to import ordinary files select the General File System) → Next → Browse for the target directory (that contains the file, the file will be in grey) → press ok
→ thick the files to be imported



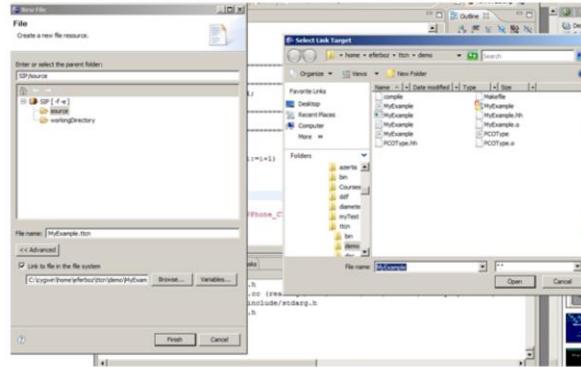
WOW: ADD FILES TO THE PROJECT

As link (By references similar to symlinks)

- File menu

- New → File or Folder

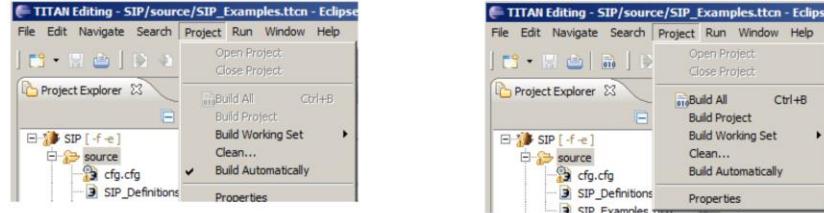
- → thick the advanced box → thick the *Link to file* in the file system → browse for the target file select the file.



WOW: BUILD THE PROJECT

Build automatically

- Project menu Build Automatically
- After each and every save the code is compiled automatically
- The build option at the context menu turns to grey



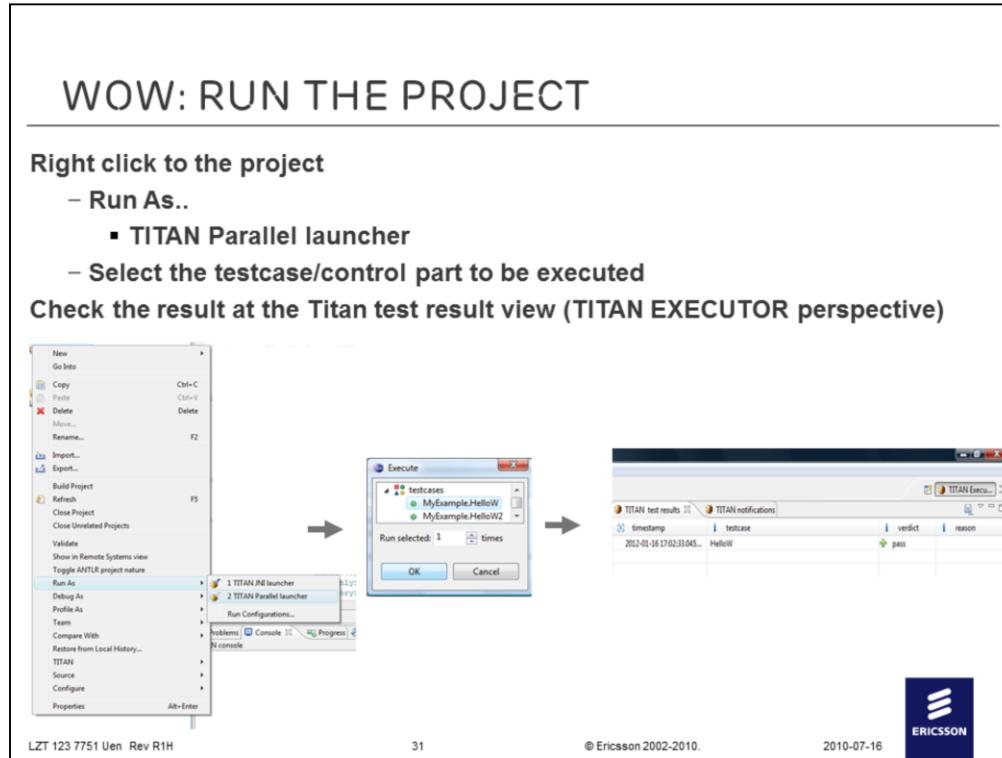
WOW: BUILD THE PROJECT

Build manually

- Project menu → Build Project
 - Builds the project
- Project menu → Build All
 - Builds all the opened projects within the workspace
- Check the result of the process at the TITAN console

```
TITAN console
not in /cygdrive/c/cygwin/mnt/RSE/include/stdarg.h
not in /usr/include/stdarg.h
makedepend: warning: f.cc (reading /cygdrive/c/cygwin/mnt/RSE/include/XER.hh, line 6): cannot find include file "stddef.h"
not in /cygdrive/c/cygwin/mnt/RSE/include/stddef.h
not in /usr/include/stddef.h
makedepend: warning: f.cc (reading /cygdrive/c/cygwin/mnt/RSE/include/memory.h, line 5): cannot find include file "stdarg
not in /cygdrive/c/cygwin/mnt/RSE/include/stdarg.h
not in /usr/include/stdarg.h
Operation finished successfully.
sh -c make all -j 2
g++ -c -DNIN32 -I/cygdrive/c/cygwin/mnt/RSE/include -Wall -o f.o f.cc
g++ -Wl,--enable-auto-import,--enable-runtime-pseudo-reloc -o f.exe f.o \
-L/cygdrive/c/cygwin/mnt/RSE/lib -lttcn3-parallel \
-L/cygdrive/c/cygwin/mnt/RSE/lib -lcrypto \
-L/cygdrive/c/cygwin/mnt/RSE/lib -lxml2 \
|| /cygdrive/c/cygwin/mnt/RSE/bin/titanver f.o
Operation finished successfully.
```

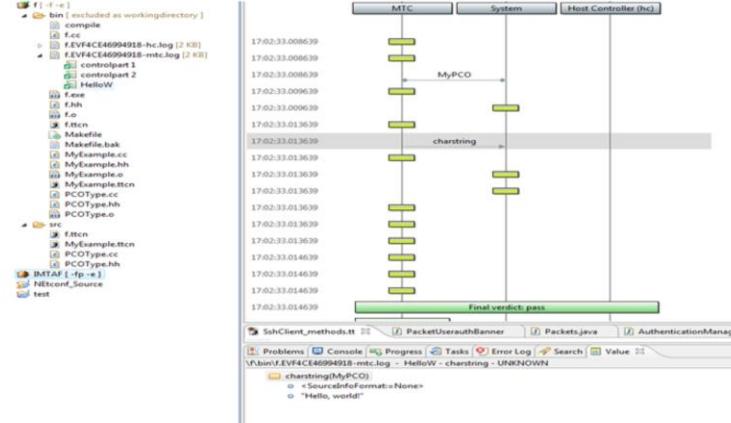




WOW: OPEN THE LOG FILE

Locate the log files (files with .log extension)

– Double click to the testcase...



LOGVIEWER PLUGIN

Locate the log files (files with .log extension)

- Each and every test component by default has its own log file
- The information is distributed among the testcases, therefore these log files should be merged first
- Select the log files → right click → Titan Menu Merge

The screenshot shows the LogViewer interface. On the left, there is a tree view with two entries: 'HTTP.linux-s6a7-3.log' and 'HTTP.linux-s6a7-hc.log'. A context menu is open over the second entry, with the 'Merge log' option highlighted. An arrow points from this menu to a 'Name the merged log file' dialog box in the center. This dialog box contains a text input field with the value 'HTTP.linux-s6a7-merged.log'. Below the input field is a 'Save as' dropdown set to 'logs'. At the bottom of the dialog are 'OK' and 'Cancel' buttons. To the right of the dialog, a preview pane shows four log files: 'HTTP.linux-s6a7-3.log' (2 KB), 'HTTP.linux-s6a7-hc.log' (4 KB), 'HTTP.linux-s6a7-merged.log' (6 KB), and 'HTTP.linux-s6a7-mtc.log' (4 KB). The 'HTTP.linux-s6a7-merged.log' file is highlighted with a blue border.

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LOGVIEWER PLUGIN

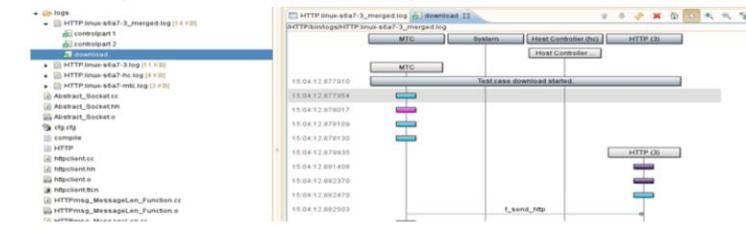
Open the merged log file

– By a double click to the name, the table view will be opened

- It is a textual representation of the log file in a tabular format



– By a double click to the testcase name (e.g. “download” in the screenshot) the MSC view will be opened

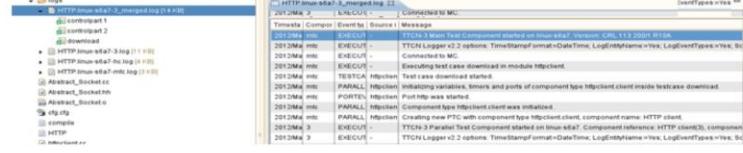


LOGVIEWER PLUGIN

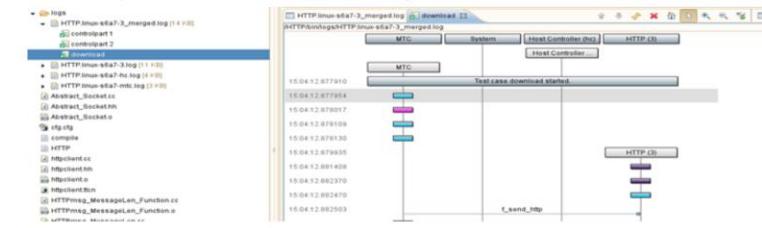
Open the merged log file

– By a double click the name, the table view will be opened

- It is a textual representation of the log file in a tabular format



– By a double click to the testcase name (e.g. “download” in the screenshot) the MSC view will be opened



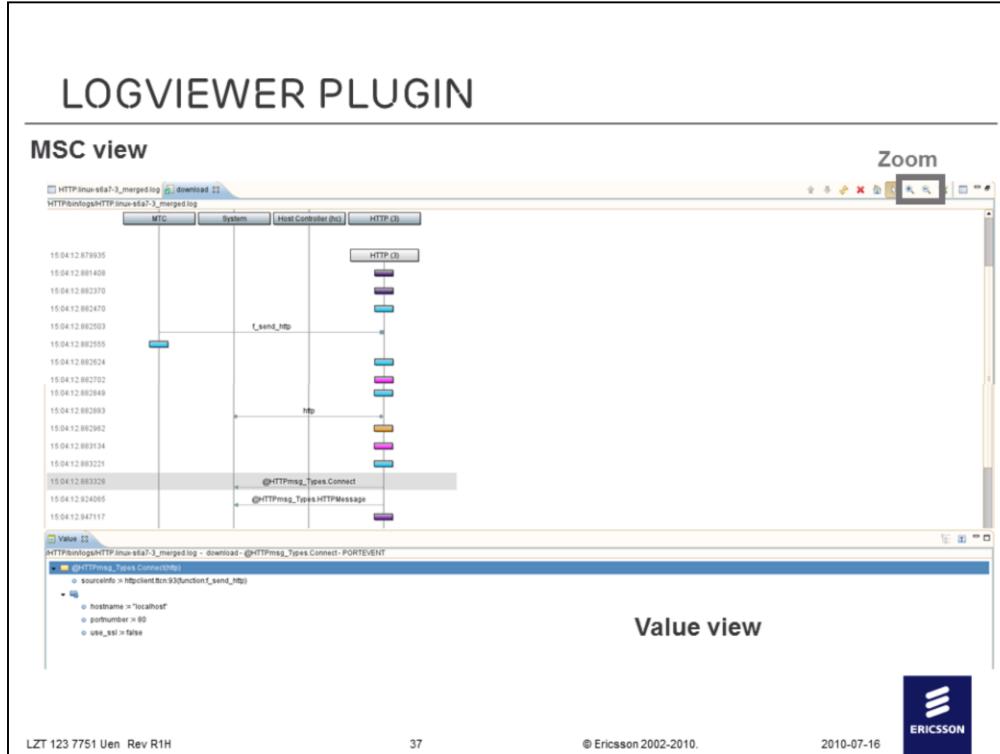
LOGVIEWER PLUGIN

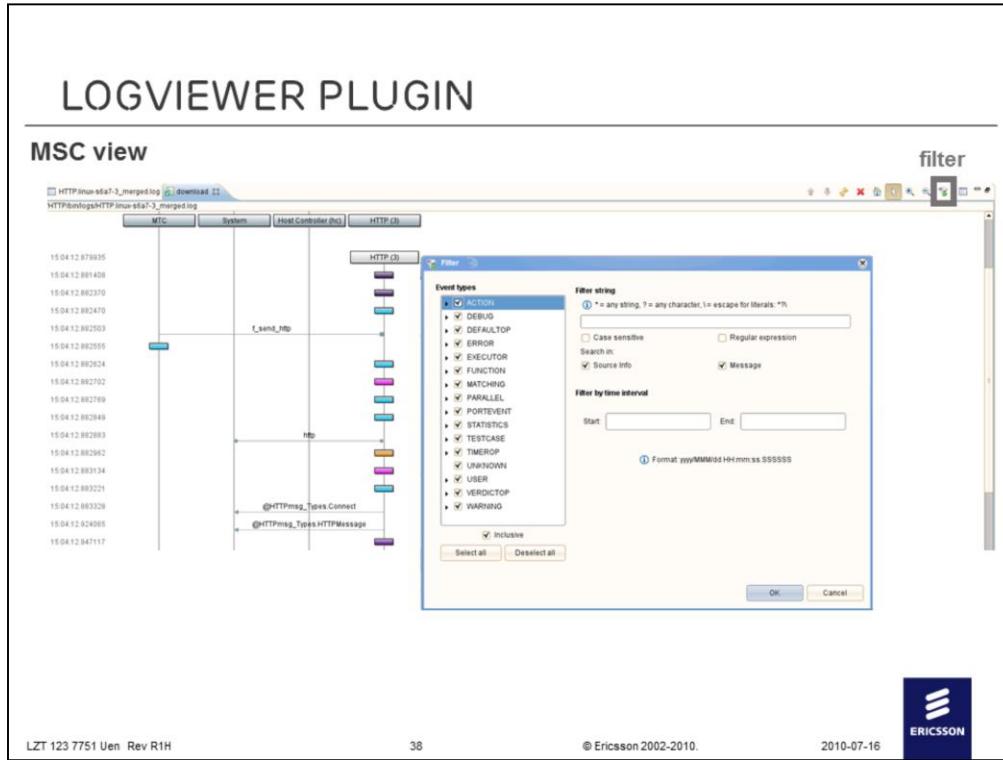
Table view

The screenshot shows the LogViewer Plugin interface. On the left, there's a table view of log entries. In the center, a detailed filter dialog is open. The filter dialog has several sections:

- Event types:** A list of event types with checkboxes. The "ACTION" checkbox is selected. Other checked items include DEBUG, DEFAULTOP, ERROR, EXECUTOR, FUNCTION, MATCHING, PARALLEL, PORTEVNT, STATISTICS, TESTCASE, TIMEROP, UNKNOWN, USER, VERDICTOP, and WARNING.
- Filter string:** A text input field with placeholder text: "① * = any string, ? = any character, \= escape for literals: *?". Below it are checkboxes for "Case sensitive", "Regular expression", "Search in:", "Source Info", and "Message".
- Filter by time interval:** Input fields for "Start" and "End" times, with a note: "① Format: yyyy/MMM/dd HH:mm:ss.SSSSSS".
- Buttons:** OK and Cancel buttons at the bottom right of the filter dialog.

At the bottom of the main window, there are status messages: "LZT 123 7751 Uen Rev R1H", "36", "© Ericsson 2002-2010.", "2010-07-16", and the Ericsson logo.





LOGVIEWER PLUGIN

Switch between views: right click to an event

The screenshot shows a log viewer interface with a timeline on the left and a list of log entries on the right. The timeline has markers for 'MTC', 'System', 'Host Controller (hc)', and 'HTTP (3)'. A specific event at timestamp 15:04:12.883221 is selected, indicated by a grey background. A context menu is open over this event, listing options such as 'Open Value View', 'Open Text View', 'Open Source', 'Jump to Previous', 'Jump to Next', 'Filter', 'Refresh View', and 'Input Methods'. The log entries listed are:

- 15:04:12.882849
- 15:04:12.882883
- 15:04:12.882962
- 15:04:12.883134
- 15:04:12.883221
- 15:04:12.883288
- 15:04:12.942065
- 15:04:12.947117
- 15:04:13.355184
- 15:04:13.355271
- 15:04:13.355324
- 15:04:13.355366

At the bottom of the interface, there are footer links: LZT 123 7751 Uen Rev R1H, 39, © Ericsson 2002-2010, and 2010-07-16. The Ericsson logo is also present in the bottom right corner.

LOGVIEWER PLUGIN

Follow in source: if the cfg file is configured to use source info, the log events are traceable in the source file
A convenient development environment could contain the MSC + Source + Value views

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WOW: SET THE PREFERENCES

Window menu → Preferences

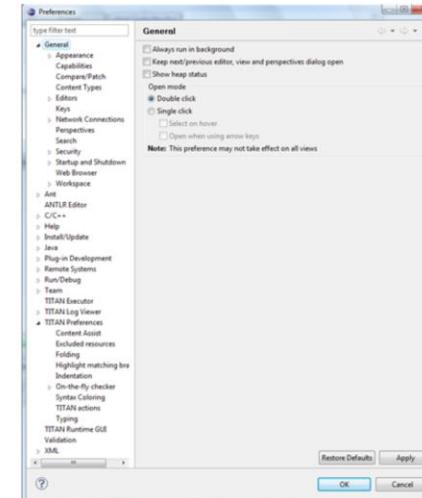
GENERAL

Editor Font size:

Appearance Colors and Fonts

Basic → Text Font

click edit to set the font size



TITAN Preferences

Content assistant settings

On-the-fly analyzer settings

To tweak the '}', '"' ')' auto insertion

Typing

VII THE TITAN CONFIGURATION FILE

CONFIGURATION FILE STRUCTURE
SECTIONS

CONTENTS



THE RUN-TIME CONFIGURATION FILE

Sets important parameters required for test execution

Can be created/edited from GUI or with any text editor

The parameters are subdivided into sections:

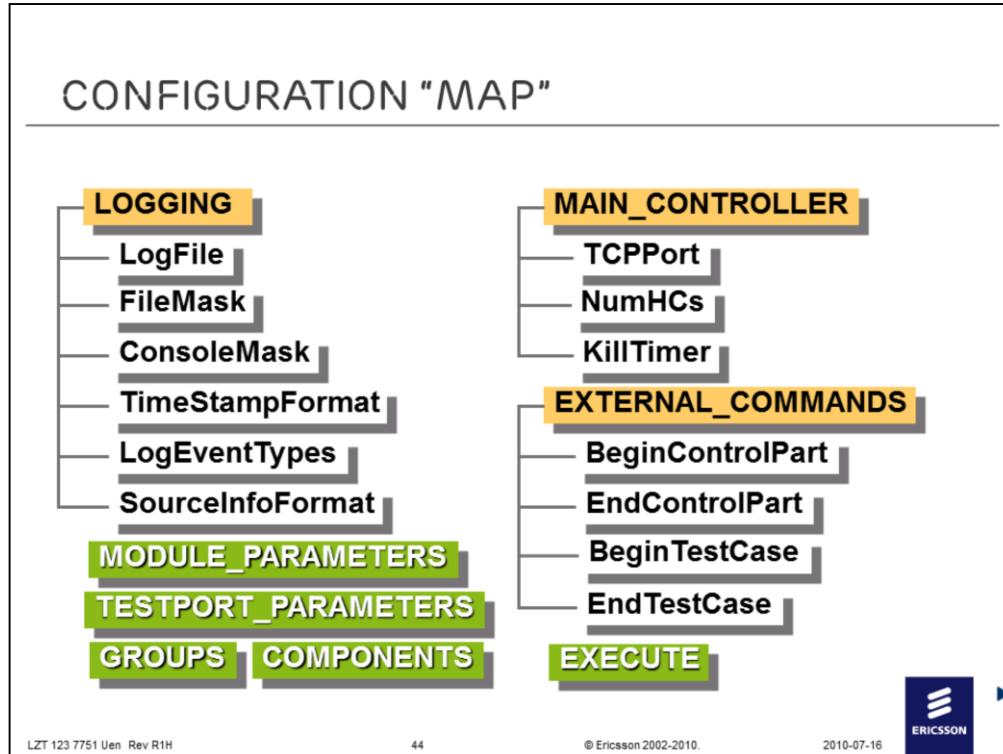
- [MODULE_PARAMETERS], [LOGGING], [TESTPORT_PARAMETERS],
[EXTERNAL_COMMANDS], [EXECUTE], [GROUPS], [COMPONENTS],
[MAIN_CONTROLLER]

The format for predefined and/or user-defined parameters is: <parameter name> [:= <parameter value> [, <parameter value> [...]]]

The permitted parameter names and type of parameter values are section dependent



The usual suffix of configuration files is .cfg.



MODULE_PARAMETERS

This section shall contain the values of all parameters that are defined in your TTCN-3 modules.

LOGGING

In this section you can specify the name of the log file and the classes of events you want to log into the file or display on console (standard error).

TESTPORT_PARAMETERS

In this section you can specify parameters that are passed to Test Ports.

EXTERNAL_COMMANDS

This section can define external commands (shell scripts) to be executed by the ETS whenever a control part or test case is started or terminated.

EXECUTE

In this section you have to specify what parts of your test suite you want to execute.

GROUPS (used in parallel mode)

In this section you can specify groups of hosts which can be used to restrict the creation of certain PTCs to a given set of hosts.

COMPONENTS (used in parallel mode)

This section consists of rules restricting the location of created PTCs.

MAIN_CONTROLLER (used in parallel mode)

The variables herein control the behavior of MC.

[EXECUTE]

Lists control parts and/or testcases to execute in CLI

In-order execution – multiple entries mean multiple execution!

Only test cases without parameters can be directly executed

Permitted formats:

<module name>.control – execute control part of the module

<module name>.< testcase name >

<module name>.* – execute all test cases of the module

The [EXECUTE] section cannot be added from GUI as it is used in CLI only
(use a text editor to add the section when necessary!)

[EXECUTE]

```
IPv6Demo.send_echo
IPv6BaseSpecification.control
IPv6NeighbourDiscovery.*
```

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In single mode the configuration file is useless without this section.

In parallel mode the section is optional.

[LOGGING]

LogFile – name of log file (use in single mode only!)
FileMask – enlists events to be logged to *LogFile*; default: LOG_ALL
ConsoleMask – specifies events to be logged to Console; defaults to:
 TTCN_ERROR | TTCN_WARNING | TTCN_ACTION | TTCN_TESTCASE |
 TTCN_STATISTICS
AppendFile – should the old log be overwritten? Yes, No (default)
TimeStampFormat – Time (default), DateTime or Seconds
LogEventTypes – include symbolic event type in each log entry
 Yes, No (default)
SourceInfoFormat – insert reference to TTCN-3 line number into log event
 (requires –L compiler option!) Single, Stack, None (default)
LogEntityName – Yes, No: prints the function, test case, etc. that the source
 line belongs to.



The executable test program produces a log file during its run. The log file contains the important events of the test execution with time stamps. In this section you can specify the name of the log file and the classes of events you want to log into the file or display on console (standard error).

LogFile: To make the names of the log file of the components unique, the string should contain special metacharacters, which are substituted dynamically during test execution. (See Table 8.1 of TITAN User Guide).

FileMask resp. **ConsoleMask** may contain symbolic constants enumerated in table 8.2. of TITAN User Guide

AppendFile controls whether the run-time environment shall keep the contents of existing log files when starting execution.

TimeStampFormat: has three possibilities: Time stands for the format hh:mm:ss.microsec. DateTime results in yyyy/Mon/dd hh:mm:ss.microsec. Seconds produces relative timestamps in format s.microsec. (Zero time is at the starting of the test component or test execution). The default value is Time.

LogEventType indicates whether to include the symbolic event type (without the TTCN prefix) in each logged event immediately after the timestamp. The event types are listed in Table 8.2. of TITAN User Guide

ELEMENTS OF BITMASK (USED IN FILE & CONSOLE MASK)

Identifier in BITMASK	Description of events logged when corresponding event identifier appears in BITMASK
TTCN_ERROR	Dynamic Test Case errors (e.g. snapshot matching failure)
TTCN_WARNING	Run-time warnings (e.g. stopping a not running timer)
TTCN_PORTEVENT	Port events (e.g. send, receive including logging of messages themselves)
TTCN_TIMEROP	Timer operations (start, stop, read, timeout)
TTCN_VERDICTOP	Verdict operations (getverdict, setverdict)
TTCN_DEFAULTOP	Default operations (activate, deactivate)
TTCN_FUNCTION	Function calls
TTCN_TESTCASE	Start, end and final verdict of Test Cases
TTCN_USER	User log() statements
TTCN_STATISTICS	Statistics of verdicts at the end of test execution
TTCN_PARALLEL	Parallel test execution related operations (e.g. create, done)
TTCN_MATCHING	Analysis of template matching failures in receiving operations
TTCN_DEBUG	Debug messages in Test Ports and External Functions
LOG_ALL	Bitwise or of everything except TTCN_MATCHING and TTCN_DEBUG
LOG_NOTHING	Nothing to be logged

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The table lists the symbolic constants referring to bit masks used for filtering the events to be written to the log file or the console, respectively.

[MODULE_PARAMETERS]

Assign values to TTCN-3 module parameters run-time

Syntax of parameters:

[module_name.]<parameter_name> := parameter_value

module_name is optional, *parameter_name* is mandatory

parameter_value uses TTCN-3 CL value assignment notation

Omitted module parameters get their default values (if any)

[MODULE_PARAMETERS]

```
tsp_Par1 := -5
MyModule.tsp_par2 := {
    strField := "This is a string\n",
    intField := 428
}
```

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This section contains the values of all parameters that are defined in your TTCN-3 modules.

[EXTERNAL_COMMANDS]

Specify external commands (e.g. shell scripts) to be executed at starting or terminating a control part or test cases;

The parameters are of **charstring** type.

[EXTERNAL_COMMANDS]

```
BeginControlPart := "/usr/local/bin/DisplayNOTE"  
EndControlPart := "/usr/local/bin/ClearNOTE"  
BeginTestCase := "/usr/local/bin/startTCPDUMP"  
EndTestCase := "/usr/local/bin/stopTCPDUMP"
```



This section defines external commands (shell scripts) to be executed by the ETS whenever a control part or test case is started or terminated.

In case of parallel mode, the external command is executed on the host where the MTC runs.

[MAIN_CONTROLLER]

Parameters controlling Main Controller (mctr) behaviour:

TCPPort – specifies the MC server's TCP port number; otherwise the mctr application will choose an ephemeral port to listen on at every invocation; accepts and **integer** value

NumHCs – controls batch mode execution: mctr expects this many HC connections before starting to execute contents of the EXECUTE section; accepts an **integer** value

KillTimer – forces PTC termination after stop; requires a **float** value in [s]

[MAIN_CONTROLLER]

```
TCPPort := 9034
NumHCs := 3
KillTimer := 4.5
```



The [MAIN CONTROLLER] section controls the behavior of MC and includes three variables. Variable TCPPort determines the TCP port on which the MC application will listen for incoming HC connections. Use a port number greater than 1024 if you don't have root privileges! The recommended port number is 9034.

The optional NumHCs variable provides support for automated (batch) execution of distributed tests. When the specified number of HCs are connected, the MC automatically creates MTC and executes all items of the [EXECUTE] section.

The KillTimer variable tells the MC to wait some seconds for a busy PTC to terminate when it was stopped. The purpose of this function is to prevent the test system from deadlocks.

[GROUPS] AND [COMPONENTS]

Host group—component type assignment for distributed execution
Valid in parallel mode only

[GROUPS]

```
HeintelAndPauler := heintel, pauler.eth.ericsson.se
myGroup := 153.44.87.34
AllHosts := *
```

[COMPONENTS]

```
MyComponentType := HeintelAndPauler
CPComponentType := myGroup
* := AllHosts
```



Groups of hosts specified in the section [GROUPS] can be used in the [COMPONENTS] section to restrict the creation of certain PTCs to a given set of hosts.

VIII. TITAN INTERNALS

BASIC OVERVIEW OF COMPILE PROCESS
SYNTACTIC/SEMANTIC ANALYSIS
CODE GENERATION
BUILDING/EXECUTING ETS
THE PARALLEL DISTRIBUTED ARCHITECTURE

CONTENTS



TITAN COMPILATION PROCESS

The compilation of TTCN-3 and ASN.1 modules comprises:

Parsing the input TTCN-3 and ASN.1 files (stops at first error)

Semantic analysis of input TTCN-3 and ASN.1 modules:

- report all errors and warnings appearing in input;
- continue only if no errors are found

Code generation for input modules

Invoking the C++ compiler to compile generated files

Linking the modules with Test Ports, external functions and the proper version of TTCN-3 and ASN.1 base libraries



SYNTACTIC AND SEMANTIC ANALYSIS

Syntactic analysis:

- Reports “typographic” errors (e.g. mistyped keywords, missing braces)
- Both erroneous and expected token are displayed
- No error recovery: Parse errors brake compilation process (work in progress)

Semantic analysis:

- Detect semantic errors (e.g. type mismatch, formal-actual parameter mismatch, incorrect references) in input
- Full semantic analysis for TTCN-3 and ASN.1 modules since 1.6.p10
- Supports ambiguous language constructs (e.g. start)
- Error recovery: detects all errors in one run w/o avalanche effect
- Basis for code optimization (in future)



CODE GENERATION

Primarily optimized for execution speed

- Compilation time had lower priority

Modest memory usage during execution

Large C++ classes for data types

- Relatively long compilation for complex protocols

Compact code for other definitions

- Fast compilation for data values & templates

- One-by-one mapping between TTCN-3 and C++ behavior statements and expressions

Exploiting many C++ language features

- Data representation: Object Oriented

- TTCN-3 test behaviours: C-like functions



BUILDING EXECUTABLE TESTS

Parts of the executable:

- C++ code generated from TTCN-3 and ASN.1 modules
- Test Ports and external functions (user code)
- Base Library (part of TITAN)

Fully automated build process using standard tools such as make, makedepend, C++ compiler (GCC)

Incremental builds are possible

- Type definitions change seldom
- Optimal TTCN-3 module structure is important to keep compilation time low

Makefile generation from “project”

Clean API for external functions and libraries

IMPORTANT NOTES

Platform independent source but *platform-dependent binaries*
TITAN version, C++ compiler version, module object version, test port
version *MUST* be synchronized!
When change to another TITAN version, you should *make clean*, and
rebuild all files.
Important to have correct build hierarchy – *use Makefile* and always update
module dependency list if import structure changes!
Always *read the limitations section of the user guide!*



TEST EXECUTION IN TITAN

Two operation modes

- Single mode: only MTC exists, mainly for debugging
- Parallel mode: fully featured, with PTCs

Run-time configuration file required

- TTCN-3 module parameters
- Test Port parameters
- Logging options (filters, format, ...)
- List of test cases to execute (batch execution)



MTC: Main Test Component

PTC: Parallel Test Component

DEBUGGING AND TEST RESULT ANALYSIS

Debugging capabilities:

- No source level TTCN-3 debugger
- Precise, self-explanatory error messages from semantic analyzer and RTE
- Console logging and configuration monitoring
- C++ debuggers (GDB) are usable for Test Ports in single mode

Logging:

- Configurable, detailed logging to console and file
- Log entries contain timestamp, reference to source file and line number, etc.
- Separate log file (with configurable name) for each test component
- Almost “everything” can be logged explicitly from TTCN-3 using [log](#)
- Logging of template matching failures in alternatives (TTCN_MATCHING)
- Post-processing (merging, filtering, pretty-printing) of log files



LOG FILE PROCESSING UTILITIES

```
ttcn3_logformat [-i n] [-o outfile] [-s] {input.log}
```

- Pretty-prints contents of file.log or stdin
- Result is saved into outfile or written stdout
- n defines indentation depth
- -s places each test case log into a separate file

```
ttcn3_logmerge [-o outfile] {input.log}
```

- Merges the content of all argument files into a single log file sorted by increasing timestamp. Results go into outfile or stdout.
- Only files using the same timestamp format (Time, DateTime) are merged (Seconds not implemented)!

```
ttcn3_logfilter [-o outfile] {eventtype+|-} {input.log}
```

- Filters events specified on argument list from input.log or stdin.



PARALLEL DISTRIBUTED TEST EXECUTION – FEATURES

Execution environment

- Distributed parallel test execution
- Can work on heterogeneous environment (over a TCP/IP network)
- Scalability, load balancing between group of hosts
- Dynamic component creation and run-time test reconfiguration (controlled from the TTCN-3 code)
- Transparent internal communication (between connected test components)
- Configurable automatic test execution (mixed list of module control parts & test cases)

High execution performance

- Applicable for load testing (traffic generation) as well
- Message sending takes 0.1...0.2 ms (highly depends on machine performance and test port code efficiency)



COMPONENTS OF PARALLEL DISTRIBUTED TEST ARCHITECTURE

Main Controller (MC)

- Central test campaign management, configuration and log monitoring
- Embedded GUI or standalone CLI version
- Maintains direct control connection with all components

Host Controller (HC)

- An instance of the executable program
- Exactly one HC on each computer taking part in distributed execution
- Creates a new test component by duplicating itself

Main Test Component (MTC)

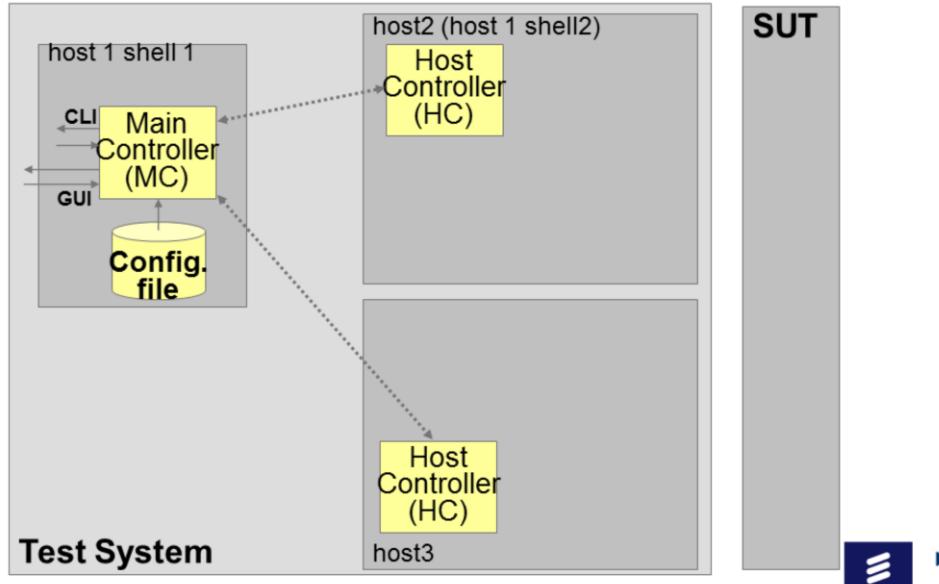
- Special test component that created first at test case execution
- Only one MTC in the Test System but it can change its component type
- Can execute the control part of a TTCN-3 module

Parallel Test Component (PTC)

- Created by HC upon request from MC
- Executes TTCN-3 function



PARALLEL DISTRIBUTED TEST ARCHITECTURE



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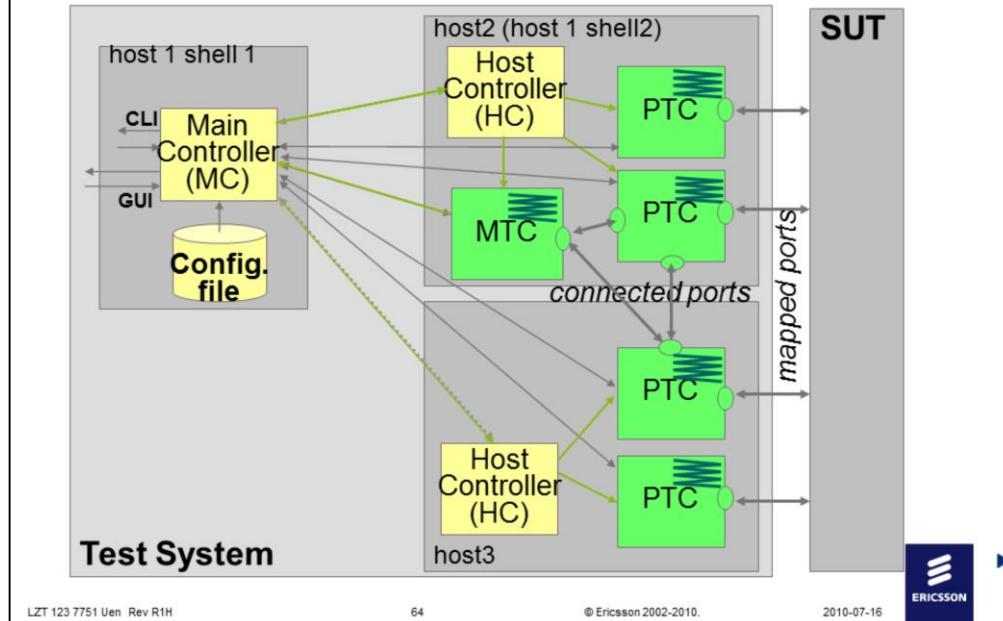
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DISTRIBUTED OPERATION OF PARALLEL TEST ARCHITECTURE



THE CONTROL PROTOCOL BEHIND THE PARALLEL ARCHITECTURE

Purpose of communication

- PTC creation / termination
- Establishing / destroying port connections and mappings
- Transport of internal TTCN-3 messages between PTCs
- Test campaign management

Messages are sent over a reliable transport channel

Platform independent abstract messages

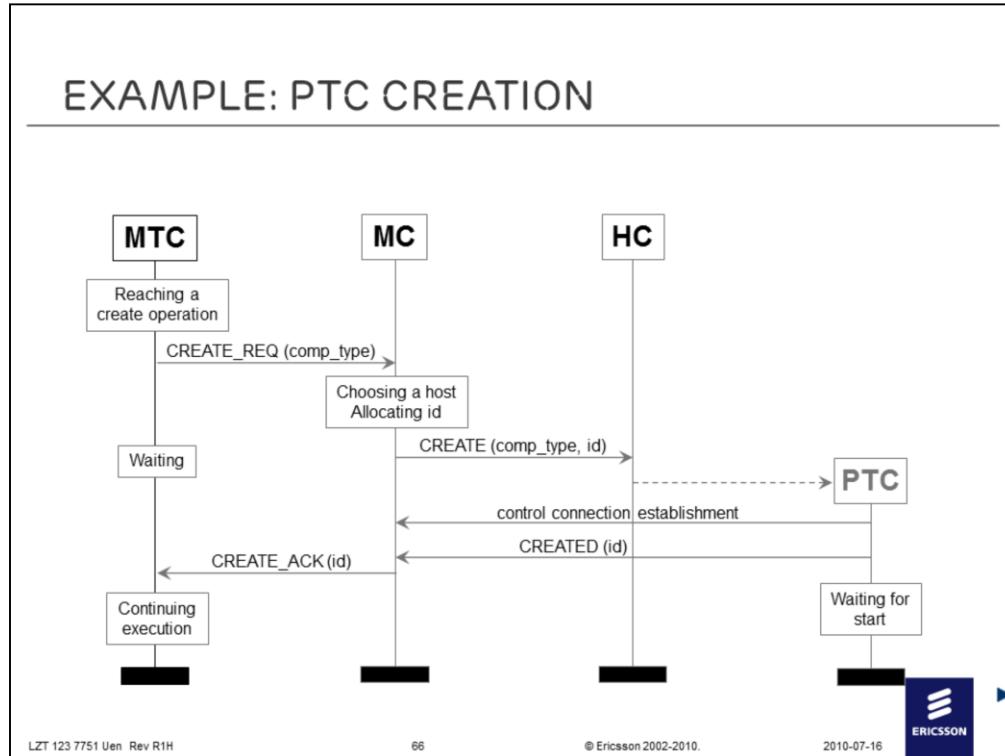
Verified with SPIN model checker

Around 50 different PDUs

Possible bottleneck: MC

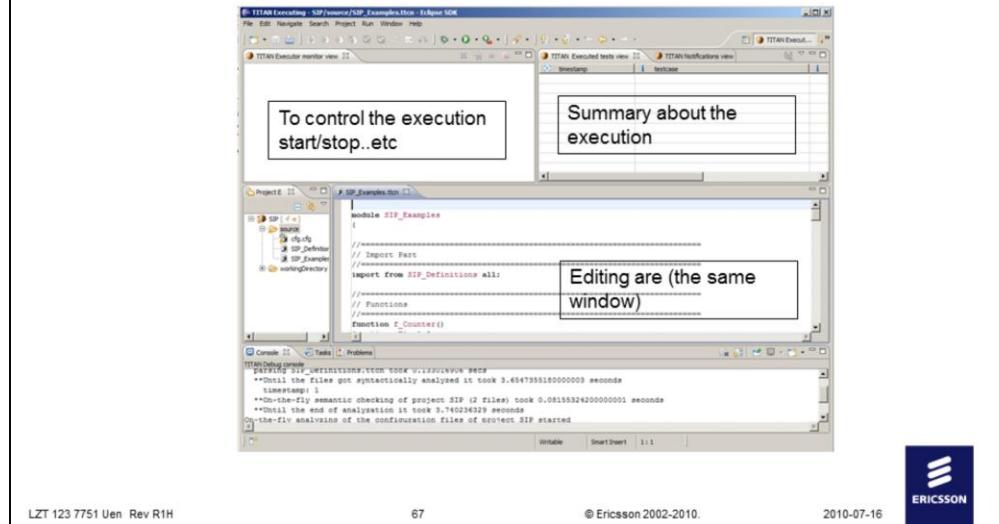
- Used for test setup only, inactive during load generation





ECLIPSE EXECUTOR PLUGIN

The TTCN executor perspective



ECLIPSE EXECUTOR PLUGIN

The executor plugin provides a GUI interface to set all the required parameters

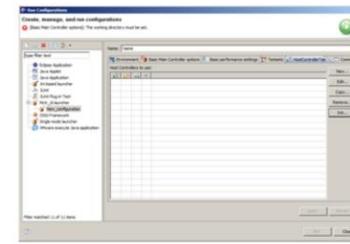
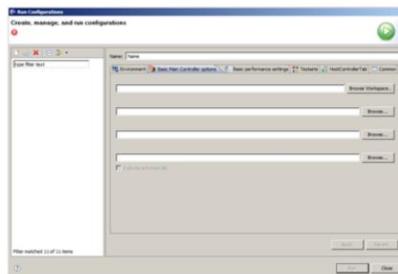
- Run menu..
 - Run Configuration...
- Create new Parallel Launcher (or edit an existing one)
 - Set the MC options
 - Set the HC options
- Launch the code



WAY OF WORKING WITH ECLIPSE PLATFORM

- Basic Main controller options
 - Browse for the project to be executed
 - The three records below will be filled up automatically
 - Browse for the cfg file if there is any
- Host Controller tab
 - Press the init button it will initialize all the required field

Press Run



IX. BUILDING EXECUTABLE TEST SUITES FROM COMMAND LINE (W/O GUI)

COMPILING MANUALLY
BUILDING EXECUTABLE TEST SUITES
AUTOMATIC BUILD USING MAKE

CONTENTS



BUILDING THE ETS MANUALLY

Translate your TTCN-3 core language module into C++:

```
$TTCN3_DIR/bin/compiler modulename.ttcn
```

Results: modulename.hh, modulename.cc (provided the module has the same identifier as the file's name!)

Compile the generated C++ code:

```
g++ -c -I$TTCN3_DIR/include modulename.cc -o modulename.o
```

Link the object with the TTCN-3 base library and OpenSSL code library:

```
g++ -o modulename modulename.o -L$TTCN3_DIR/lib  
-lttcn3 -lcrypto
```

BUILDING THE EXECUTABLE TEST SUITE

Generate makefile:

```
ttcn3_makefilegen {module}* {testport}* {other}*
-e PROJECTNAME
```

Edit the generated makefile:

- Set the **TTCN3_DIR** to the base directory of installation
- Assure that **TTCN3_LIB** contains the desired TTCN-3 base library (**ttcn3** for single mode, **ttcn3-parallel** for parallel mode)
- Ensure that **CXX** points to the appropriate C++ compiler version
- Optionally add new switches to **CPPFLAGS**, **CXXFLAGS** and **LDFLAGS**
- You **SHOULD NOT** modify the rest of the generated makefile – regenerate it when new modules are added!

Resolve import dependencies – **make dep**

Build the ETS – **make**



EXTRA FEATURES IN MAKEFILE

Perform syntactic and semantic analysis only `make check`

Clean all generated files using `make clean`

Make an archive of all sources under directory `ARCHIVE_DIR` using `make archive`

More advanced features of GNU make are utilized when generating
Makefile with `-g` flag

X. EXECUTING THE EXECUTABLE TEST SUITE FROM COMMAND LINE (W/O GUI)

EXECUTION IN SINGLE MODE
PARALLEL MODE TEST EXECUTION

CONTENTS



EXECUTING THE ETS IN SINGLE MODE

The ETS generated during the build process can be executed without the need for any other application when the ETS was built in *single mode*

The generated output file will be the ETS itself

ETS takes one mandatory parameter for its execution: the *configuration file*

Optional parameters of the ETS:

-v prints tool version, license information, compilation time and checksum of the participating modules

-l lists the names of all control parts and test cases in the ETS

EXECUTING THE ETS IN PARALLEL MODE

The execution in parallel mode requires the Main Controller (MC)

Two kinds of MC: GUI version (see GUI pres.) and CLI version

The CLI version of MC can be started with:

`mctr_cli [module-cfg-file]`

where `module-cfg-file` is the run-time configuration file

In addition to the ETS itself, the target file generated during build process contains some static code, the Host Controller (HC)

The HC can be started from a shell; it requires the hostname (or IP address) and TCP port number of the MC in order to connect to it:
`modulename <MC-hostname> <MC-port>`

The parallel architecture is based on client-server mode operation between MC (TCP server) and some HCs (TCP clients)

MAIN CONTROLLER COMMANDS IN CLI MODE

MC commands available in CLI:

- **help [command]**: display help overview or specific help on *command*
- **cmtc**: create Main Test Component (1st step of test execution)
- **smtc [something-to-execute]**: start *something-to-execute* or contents of the [EXECUTE] section of the run-time configuration file on MTC
- **emtc**: terminate Main Test Component
- **quit, exit**: terminate MC and quit to shell
- **stop**: stop test execution at next appropriate state
- **pause [on | off]**: toggle interrupt after test case execution
- **continue**: resume interrupted test execution
- **info**: display information on current status of test configuration
- **!command**: execute *command* in underlying shell



EXAMPLE EXECUTION WITH SINGLE HC

```
Start the MC in shell 1:  
  mctr_cli Test.cfg  
<MC gives prompt and waits for HC  
  connections>  
<HC connection is accepted>  
<No more HC is expected>  
Create MTC: cmtc  
Execute control part of module  
  Test: smtc Test.control  
<Wait for execution to finish>  
Shut down the MTC: emtc  
Quit MC: quit
```

TCPPort := 9999 is set in
[MAIN_CONTROLLER] section

```
Start a HC in shell 2:  
  Test mc-host 9999  
<Terminal is blocked>
```



XI. TITAN TEST PORTS

TEST PORT BASICS

TEST PORT API

PROGRAMMING A TEST PORT

CONTENTS



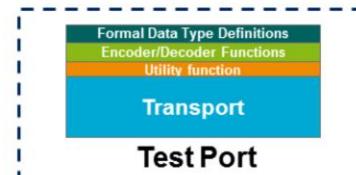
WHAT IS A TEST PORT (TP)

Ericsson proprietary communication interface between TITAN and SUT (i.e. abstract TTCN-3 test configuration and real world)

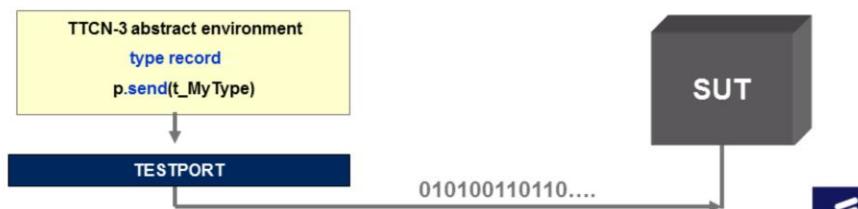
Translate abstract TTCN-3 messages into real-world messages

It contains:

- Formal Data Type Definitions
- Encoder/Decoder Functions
- (Utility Functions)
- Transport



Test System Architecture



TEST PORT CONCEPT

Ericsson proprietary communication interface between TITAN and SUT (i.e. abstract TTCN-3 test configuration and real world)

Translate abstract TTCN-3 messages into real-world messages:

- Directly or using some 3rd party HW or SW (e.g. EIN protocol stack, UNIX OS)
- Protocol specific encoding and decoding

Consequently:

- Different protocols need different Test Ports
- Alternative applications of the same protocol may need different Test Ports

Test Ports written by TCC are PRODUCTS related to TITAN, therefore:

- come with full documentation (User Guide, Function Specification, PRI)
- include maintenance (Trouble Reporting in MHWEB)



SUT: System Under Test

TCC: Test Competence Center

TEST PORT PROPERTIES AS SEEN FROM TTCN-3

Test Ports are transparent in TTCN-3

Test Ports are associated to communication ports of components

- except ports used solely for internal communication
- i.e. declared using `with { extension "internal" }` attribute

Link between TTCN-3 port type definition and TITAN Test Port is their identifier:

- TTCN-3 port type: `type port MyPort message { ... };`
- is for instance implemented in C++ as: `class MyPort;`

Single Test Port instance is used for each TTCN-3 port

Test Ports are created and started together with the TTCN-3 ports automatically at component instantiation

TEST PORT CONTENTS

Test Ports can be obtained from TCC's ClearCase VOB

- usually mounted under /vobs/ttcn/TCC_Releases/TestPorts
- refer to TCC's FAQ pages on intranet or contact your ClearCase administrator otherwise!

Test Ports contain

- TTCN-3 source file with port type definitions of the Test Port
- Optional additional TTCN-3 source file containing additional definitions
- A pair of C++ header and source files containing the Test Port implementation
- Extensive documentation
- Optional unofficial demo or test modules in TTCN-3

USING TEST PORTS

Always read Test Port's User Guide first

Required Test Ports must be added to TITAN Project

- including all source files (e.g.: *.ttcn, *.cc, *.hh) and optional dependencies
(e.g.: Abstract Socket)

TTCN-3 module of selected Test Port containing the port type definition
MUST be imported into your module

TTCN-3 and/or ASN.1 module(s) of selected Test Port containing the
protocol type definitions MUST be imported into your module

Test Ports can accept run-time parameters

- depending on particular Test Port product
- documented in Test Port's User Guide
- can be set in [TESTPORT_PARAMETERS] section of configuration file



[TESTPORT_PARAMETERS]

Specify parameters to be passed to Test Ports when started

Syntax:

```
<component_name>.<port_name>.<parameter_name> :=  
<parameter_value>
```

component_name – component reference (*integer* value), **mtc**, **system**
or * (all components)

– **system** refers to Test System Interface, passed at mapping of system
ports

port_name – port identifier, including optional array reference; or * (all
ports of the given component)

parameter_name – depends on the test port used

parameter_value – only **charstring** values permitted



In this section you can specify parameters that are passed to Test Ports.

PROGRAMMING A TEST PORT

Test Port skeleton can be generated from port type definition

- Port type definitions of a Test Port reside in a separate TTCN-3 module that has to be imported in all TTCN-3 modules, which use this Test Port
- When generating test port skeleton a pair of .hh and .cc files are created

Protocol-dependent parts written by the user:

- C++ functions generated for messages declared `out` are invoked when the particular message is sent in TTCN-3; these functions are responsible for message encoding
- The generated event handler function gets triggered by state change of designated file descriptors or at regular time interval
- The event handler implementation is responsible for decoding and forwarding incoming messages to the TTCN-3 Run-Time Environment

Test Port functions MUST be non-blocking



EXAMPLE

```
// TestPortTypeDef.ttcn
// TTCN-3 module containing Test Port's port type definition
module TestPortTypeDef {
    type port PortTypeDef message {
        inout charstring;
    }
}
```

```
// C++ class implementing the Test Port resides in:
// PortTypeDef.hh, PortTypeDef.cc
```

```
// Using the Test Port defined in module TestPortTypeDef
module ExampleUsesTestPortTypeDef {
    import from TestPortTypeDef all;
}
```

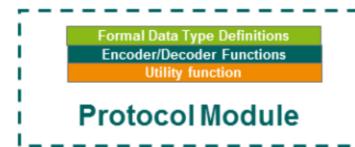


WHAT IS A PROTOCOL MODULE (PM)

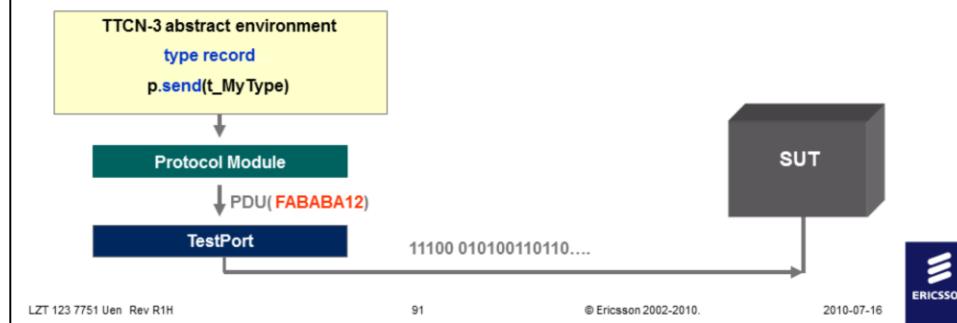
Protocol modules implement the message structure of the related protocol in a formalized way, using the standard specification language TTCN-3.

It contains:

- Formal Data Type Definitions
- [Encoder/Decoder Functions]
- [Utility Functions]



Test System Architecture



EXAMPLE

```

module Demo {
    import from GTCP_Types all;
    import from UDPPortTypeDef all;

    type component GTP_CT { port UDPPortType UDP_PCO ; }
    testcase tc() runs on ..
    {
        var PDU_GTCP v_gtcp_pdu:={
            pn_bit:='0'B,
            s_bit:='1'B,
            e_bit:='1'B,
            spare:='0'B,
            pt:='1'B,
            version:='100'B,
            messageType:='0A'0,
            lengthf:='0',
            teid:='01020304'0
            opt_part:=omit,
            gtpc_pdu:=(echoRequest:=(private_extension_gtpc:=omit))
        }

        var ASP_UDP_message v_udp_asp;
        v_udp_asp:={
            -data := enc_GTPC_PDU(v_gtcp_pdu),
            addressf :="",
            portf := 0,
            id:=omit
        }
        UDP_PCO.send(v_udp_asp);
    }
}

// C++ class implementing the Protocol Module's encoding function
// TCP_EncDec.cc

```

Message type of the PM

PDU_GTPC

BIT1	pn_bit,
BIT1	s_bit,
BIT1	e_bit,
BIT1	spare,
BIT1	pt,
BIT3	version,
OCT1	messageType,
LIN2_BO_LAST	lengthf,
OCT4	teid,
GTPC_Header_optional_part	opt_part optional,
GTPC_PDUs	gtpc_pdu

Encoding function of the PM

ASP_UDP_message

PDU_UDP	data,
AddressType	remote_addr optional
PortType	remote_port optional,
integer	id optional

Message type of the TP